

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS  
International General Certificate of Secondary Education

**GERMAN**

**0525/03**

Paper 3 Speaking Role Play Cards One - Nine

1 March – 30 April 2006

TEACHERS' NOTES

No Additional Materials are required.

**15 minutes**

**READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

**Part One** of the test will be two role plays based on the situations outlined in this booklet. Candidates should study the situations for fifteen minutes and then be prepared to act the roles assigned to them and respond to the parts played by you. Suggestions are given for both roles, but you should be prepared to respond to any direction taken by the candidate within the situation. The role plays should last **about five minutes** in all.

**Part Two** of the test will be a conversation with you on a subject chosen by the candidate in advance. The conversation should last **about five minutes**. If the candidate appears to be giving a talk rather than considering you as interlocutor, you should interrupt after a minute or two and ask specific questions about the subject.

**Part Three** of the test will be a conversation of a more general nature and should last **about five minutes**.

Both role plays and conversations should be marked by the Centre according to the instructions and a sample recorded for external moderation.

Each candidate role play card contains two role plays. The list below gives details of the role plays and the pages in the booklet in which the role play cards appear.

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## ADMINISTRATIVE ARRANGEMENTS

- 1 The speaking tests take place in the two-three months before the main examination period, between 1 March and 30 April for the June examination. Each Centre decides on a convenient period within the dates for its speaking tests.

It is important that dates given for the completion of the speaking tests and the despatch of recordings and mark sheets to CIE (see paragraph 6) are adhered to in order to allow sufficient time for moderation.

- 2 In the interests of standardisation there will be only one teacher/examiner per Centre. Each Centre selects its own teacher/examiner. This is normally a teacher from within the Languages Department, but could be someone local from outside the Centre. CIE is not responsible for any fees agreed. Where a Centre wishes to use additional teacher/examiners because it has a large number of candidates, permission to do so must be sought from the IGCSE Languages Officer well before the start of each oral examination period. If permission is given to use more than one teacher/examiner, internal moderation must take place at the Centre to ensure that all its Speaking tests are marked to the same standard. The sample should include the work of each teacher/examiner and an Oral Examination Summary Mark Sheet should be submitted for each teacher/examiner, with candidate names and numbers clearly entered.
- 3 Confidential test materials are dispatched approximately two - three weeks before the assessment period. These should be opened four working days before the Centre's assessment starts and studied carefully by the teacher/examiner before conducting his/her first tests. Teacher/examiners who have prepared their own roles fully and are confident in what they are doing are better able to help candidates who experience any difficulty. Once the materials have been opened, the tests must be completed as soon as is realistically possible. After the tests have been completed, the materials remain confidential and must be kept in a secure place by the Centre until the end of the examination period.
- 4 Each teacher/examiner will be required to record a sample of candidates from each Centre at which he or she examines. The teacher/examiner is asked to select and record six candidates, covering as wide a range of ability as possible. The candidates selected should be spread as evenly as possible across the range of marks (2 good, 2 middling, 2 weak); **if there is a large range of marks (eg 40-90), teacher/examiners should be especially careful to send tests spread across the range, not just the top 2, middle 2 and bottom 2.** This will enable the moderator to check accurately the standard of assessment. The recording should be carried out in accordance with the instructions headed 'Recording of Candidates' (see paragraph 8). The recording must be sent to CIE together with the completed moderator copy of the completed MS1 Mark Sheet and a copy of the completed Oral Examination Summary Mark Sheet (see paragraphs 5 and 6).
- 5 Two types of mark sheet are provided:
  - (a) One mark sheet, the **Oral Examination Summary Mark Sheet** (provided in the syllabus) is intended as a working document, on which the marks for each section of the test are to be entered in detail as specified in the Marking Instructions. Be very careful to check all additions.
  - (b) The total marks should then be transferred to the **Internal Assessment Mark Sheet (MS1)**.
- 6 Despatch and return of mark sheets and recorded sample:
  - (a) Mark sheets and recordings are to be returned to CIE once all the speaking tests have been completed. The deadline for **receipt** by CIE of these items is **15 May** for the June

examination. **Do not wait until the end of the assessment period before returning them.**

- (b) (i) The Board copy of the completed Internal Assessment Mark Sheet (MS1) must be returned to CIE in the separate envelope provided.
- (ii) The Moderator copy of the completed Internal Assessment Mark Sheet (MS1), a copy of the completed Oral Examination Summary Mark Sheet and the recorded sample must be sent **to reach CIE by no later than 15 May** for the June examination.
- (c) Copies of both types of mark sheet are to be retained by the Centre in case of postal losses or delays.

## 7 Arrangements for the examination:

- (a) Examination conditions must prevail in the area where the examination takes place, including the space set aside for a candidate to study the role play situations. Adequate supervision must be provided to ensure that each candidate can study alone and in silence and that candidates leaving the interview room do not communicate with those waiting to enter.
- (b) Candidates are not allowed to bring any notes for use during their preparation time. Nor are they allowed to make notes.
- (c) Requests for special consideration for candidates with specific problems must be made on Special Consideration forms.
- (d) Candidates must be examined singly. No other person should be present during the examination with the exception of another teacher/examiner or an Officer from CIE.
- (e) As teacher/examiner you should be positioned so that you will be facing the candidates when they enter the room, with a table between you and the candidates. Please do not allow candidates to sit in a position where they can see what you are writing on the mark sheets as this can be distracting.
- (f) In order to put candidates at their ease, smile when they enter the room, and indicate where they should sit. A good teacher/examiner will usually send a candidate out of the interview room smiling, no matter how good or bad the performance has been. Avoid, however, the use of expressions such as 'very good', which a candidate may interpret as a comment on performance.
- (g) Please do not smoke in the presence of candidates. Smokers should arrange for breaks in the timetable as necessary, and to smoke elsewhere than in the interview room.
- (h) Other recommendations: do not walk about or distract candidates in any way (e.g. by doodling or fiddling with papers, etc); always appear interested, even in mundane matters; never show undue surprise, impatience or mockery; **never correct a candidate**

## 8 Recording of candidates

Centres should ensure well in advance of the test that a suitably quiet and, if possible, small room will be available and that their recording equipment is in good order. Rooms which are too close to a playground, recreation room or noisy classroom are to be avoided. It is essential that unnecessary background noise should be excluded.

Cassette recorders must be used, and Centres are responsible for ensuring the good quality of recordings. The cassette recorder and the cassette(s) to be used should be tested *in situ* some

time before the actual test, ideally with one of the candidates. It is essential that new, unused cassettes are used. These will be supplied by CIE. Where possible it is advisable to use a cassette recorder with external microphones so that separate microphones can be used for the candidate and the teacher/examiner. If only one microphone is being used, it should be placed facing the candidate. With a softly-spoken candidate the microphone should be placed nearer to the candidate before the start of the test. Adjustments to the volume control during an examination should normally be avoided.

The recording should begin at the start of Side 1 and care should be taken to avoid long gaps and extraneous noise. Both sides of each cassette should be used before beginning a new cassette. It is helpful if, at the end of examining on each side of a cassette, the teacher/examiner states 'No further recordings on this side'.

Each cassette should be introduced **by the teacher/examiner**, as follows:

'Centre Number *e.g. ES 215*  
Centre Name *e.g. King's College, Madrid*  
Examination Number *e.g. 0525*  
Examination Name *e.g. IGCSE Foreign Language German*  
Name of Examiner *e.g. Mr R Peters*  
Date *e.g. March 1<sup>st</sup> 2006*'

Each candidate should be introduced **by the teacher/examiner**, as follows:

'Candidate Number *e.g. 047*  
Candidate Name *e.g. Jane Williams*  
Role Play Card *e.g. Number 4*'

At the end of the sample, please state 'End of sample'.

**Once a test has begun, the cassette should run without interruption.**

**On no account should you stop and re-start the cassette during a test.**

The contents of each cassette should be clearly labelled.

Before the cassette is dispatched, spot checks must be made to ensure that every candidate is clearly audible. Cassettes should then be rewound to the start of side 1.

## STRUCTURE OF THE EXAMINATION

### Test 1: Role Plays (about 5 minutes) 30 marks

- (a) Each candidate will be examined in two role play situations selected at random by the teacher/examiner from the cards supplied. Each card will contain two situations, both of which will be examined.

A number of alternative cards are supplied, and these should be used at random during each session of examining. Having given the first candidate 15 minutes to prepare his/her two situations, you should hand a different card to the second candidate to prepare while you examine the first candidate, and so on.

Candidates may not make written notes during their preparation time. They may take the role play card they have prepared into the examination room. However, they may not take the role play card away with them once the examination is over.

- (b) Unless there are exceptional circumstances (e.g. speech impediments), each situation should be carried out in full. If the candidate cannot handle one of the tasks set, the teacher/examiner should not leave too long a pause but should lead the candidate on to the next task.
- (c) Should a candidate miss out a task, the teacher/examiner should try to guide him/her back to it, in as natural a way as possible. It does not matter to moderators that this may lead to tasks occurring in a different order, as long as they are all attempted.
- (d) The roles of the candidate and teacher/examiner are indicated on the cards. Teacher/examiners are asked to prepare the situations carefully so that the candidate's tasks follow on naturally from the teacher/examiner's response. Usually, the teacher/examiner has to initiate the dialogue. The teacher/examiner is to assume the role of a well-disposed native speaker with no knowledge of the candidate's first language. Suggested responses are given on pages 13-18 of this document.

For mark scheme, see Table A of the Marking Instructions.

### Test 2: Topic (prepared) Conversation (about 5 minutes) 30 marks

This section is intended to be a conversation between the teacher/examiner and the candidate on one topic of the candidate's choice. Suitable subjects might be, for example: 'School life', 'Hobbies and pastimes' (general or specific), 'My country', 'Life in another country', 'My ambitions', 'Holidays'. These are only examples: candidates should be encouraged to choose a topic in which they have a personal interest. Topics dealing with politics or social and economic issues are ambitious for this level of achievement and may disadvantage candidates, if they do not possess the linguistic skills and maturity of ideas which such topics necessitate. Candidates should be encouraged to prepare different topics within a Centre and should not be allowed to present 'Myself' or 'My life' as topics as these can become too general and can often pre-empt the General (unprepared) Conversation section.

The topic must be prepared by candidates in advance, but must not be pre-learnt and delivered as a monologue. The teacher/examiner should allow the candidate to speak on their choice of topic for one to two minutes uninterrupted and then follow this up with specific questions on the topic. Where a candidate has been talking for two minutes and shows no sign of finishing their initial exposition, the teacher/examiner must interrupt and ask specific questions. Candidates will have prepared their topic, but must not be allowed to deliver a series of obviously prepared replies in the discussion that follows their presentation. It is the extent to which candidates can **manipulate** their prepared material according to the needs of the teacher/examiner that determines their marks. In order to extend the candidate as far as possible, the teacher/examiner should probe, explore, ask for explanations, enlargements, descriptions (how? when? why? tell me a bit more about... etc).

You, as teacher/examiner, must try to lead the candidate into using a variety of tenses, and candidates who do not show that they are able to convey past and future meaning cannot be awarded a mark in the Satisfactory band or above on Scale (b) (see Table B of the Marking Instructions).

Candidates may use illustrative material, e.g. photographs, if this seems appropriate to their topic, but they are not allowed to use written notes of any kind.

For mark scheme, see Table B of the Marking Instructions.

**Test 3: General (unprepared) Conversation** (about 5 minutes) 30 marks

- (a) You should normally allow the stipulated length of time for each candidate. Whilst some candidates may dry up after a few minutes, you should persevere with the conversation (e.g. by complete changes of subject), so that candidates are given every opportunity to do themselves justice.
- (b) The discussion of the topic will have paved the way for the unprepared conversation. You should start out from any point of interest noted earlier, or ask general questions relating to the candidate's everyday life, school (subjects, number of periods, times, games, etc.), home, town, journey to and from school, free time (evenings, weekends), holidays, hobbies. All candidates can reasonably be expected to have the command of vocabulary and idiom necessary for this. You should aim to cover **at least two or three** of the Defined Content Topics in this section of the test (these are listed in the Curriculum Content section of the syllabus booklet). As in the Topic Conversation, you must try to lead the candidate into using a variety of tenses (themes could be visits to other countries, plans for the future, etc) and he or she can then be extended as far as possible. Candidates who do not show that they are able to convey past and future meaning cannot be awarded a mark in the Satisfactory band or above on Scale (b) (see Table B of the Marking Instructions). Precise factual information or knowledge is not required, and candidates should not be penalised for lack of such knowledge. Be ready to pass on quickly to another subject if candidates are obviously out of their depth. Take care to avoid questions which might cause embarrassment, e.g. where a candidate has only one parent. (Centres are requested to supply such information to the teacher/examiner in advance.)
- (c) Candidates should be expected to give natural replies to questions; their answers need not therefore be in the form of complete sentences. You should take care to avoid questions inviting simply 'yes' or 'no' by using a variety of interrogatives, e.g. when? how? why? how many? how long? with whom? with what? etc.
- (d) Questions should be adjusted to the candidate's ability. Candidates should be prompted and encouraged where necessary and long silences should be avoided. On the other hand, do not interrupt a candidate unless you are sure that he or she cannot complete the answer. Incorrect answers should never be corrected, nor answers supplied when none are given. Questions should be rephrased (rather than repeated) in an attempt to maintain the dialogue.
- (e) The use of vocabulary or phrases from the candidate's first language should be avoided, except in the case of particular institutions, e.g. names of examinations, types of school, etc.
- (f) Beware of talking too much and giving the candidate credit for what you have in fact said yourself. The onus is on the candidate to show that he or she can converse adequately in the language, but at the same time it is up to you to make sure that the candidate is given every opportunity to do so by following up any opening given.

For mark scheme, see Table B of the Marking Instructions.

**Test 4: Impression** 10 marks

At the end of the test you should make an assessment of the candidate's pronunciation, accuracy and fluency, following the guidelines given in the Marking Instructions. While you may use the opportunity of the candidate's introduction to the topic to assess these factors, your final assessment must be based on the candidate's overall performance. Exceptional performance in the role play situations (i.e. one in which a fluid and natural conversation develops) should be rewarded by a high impression mark.

For mark scheme, see Table C of the Marking Instructions.



**MARKING INSTRUCTIONS**

**Use the Oral Examination Summary Mark Sheet.**

**Test 1 Role Plays.** 30 marks. Use Table A.

Enter the mark for each task in the ten columns 1-10 of the Oral Examination Summary Mark Sheet.

**Test 2 Topic Conversation.** 30 marks. Use Table B.

- (i) A mark out of 15 on Scale (a) Comprehension/responsiveness.  
Enter the mark in column 11.
- (ii) A mark out of 15 on Scale (b) Linguistic content.  
Enter the mark in column 12.

**Test 3 General Conversation.** 30 marks. Use Table B.

Mark as for Test 2 using Table B.  
Enter marks out of 15 in columns 13 and 14.

**Test 4 Impression.** 10 marks. Use Table C.

Enter the mark (maximum 10) in column 15.

Add the marks and enter the total, in large figures, in the column headed Total Mark. Please double check the addition as even small errors create problems.

**Marking: General Principles**

- 1 You are urged to use the full range of marks, bearing in mind that it is not necessary for a candidate to be of native speaker standard in order to be given maximum marks within any single category.
- 2 The general approach is a positive one and you should award marks based on what the candidate can do rather than deducting marks for errors.
- 3 Above all else, please be consistent in your marking. If you are unsure of the mark to award, err on the side of generosity.

**TABLE A – Test 1: Role Plays (30 Marks)**

This part of the examination is primarily a test of the candidate's ability to communicate information, requests, etc, in plausibly life-like situations. Intelligibility is therefore of greater importance than grammatical or syntactic accuracy. However, verbal communication only will be assessed: credit will not be given for gestures, facial expressions or other non-verbal forms of communication. The use of appropriate register and correct idiom will be rewarded. The teacher/examiner will play the part of a patient and well-disposed foreigner with no knowledge of the candidate's first language.

Each of the ten tasks to be performed in the examination will be assessed on the scale below. Candidates will be required to give natural responses, not necessarily in the form of 'sentences': short answers, if appropriate to the task, can be awarded 3 marks.

Marks are awarded as follows:

An accurate utterance which not only conveys the meaning but which is expressed in native idiom and appropriate register. Minor errors (adjective endings, use of prepositions, etc) are tolerated. The utterance is intelligible and the task of communication is achieved.	3
The language used is not necessarily the most appropriate to the situation and may contain inaccuracies which do not obscure the meaning.	2
Communication of some meaning is achieved, but the native speaker would find the message ambiguous or incomplete.	1
The utterance is unintelligible to the native speaker.	0

**NB 1** Teacher/examiners are reminded that if there are two elements in a task and only one is completed, then a maximum of one mark only may be awarded.

**2** When awarding marks, teacher/examiners should start at the bottom of the mark scheme and work upwards:

0 = nothing of worth communicated

1 = partial communication

2 = all points communicated – but with some linguistic inaccuracies – meaning clear

3 = meaning clear and accurately conveyed.

**3** Short utterances, if appropriate, can be worth three marks – especially true in Role Play A.

**TABLE B – Tests 2 and 3: Topic Conversation and General Conversation** (2 x 30 marks)

Scale (a) Comprehension/responsiveness. This assesses the candidate's response in terms of comprehension of the teacher/examiner, immediacy of reaction/response, fluency of response and presentation of material in the topic.

Scale (b) This assesses the linguistic content of the candidate's answers in terms of the complexity, accuracy and range of structures, vocabulary and idiom.

NB This table is used for Tests 2 AND 3.

Category		Mark
Outstanding	(a) Not necessarily of native speaker standard.	14-15
	(b) The highest level to be expected of the best IGCSE candidates.	
Very good	(a) Generally understands questions first time, but may require occasional re-phrasing. Can respond satisfactorily to both straightforward and unexpected questions.	12-13
	(b) Wide range of mostly accurate structures, vocabulary and idiom.	
Good	(a) Has no difficulty with straightforward questions and responds fairly well to unexpected ones, particularly when they are re-phrased.	10-11
	(b) Good range of generally accurate structures, varied vocabulary.	
Satisfactory	(a) Understands straightforward questions but has difficulty with some unexpected ones and needs some rephrasing. Fairly fluent, but some hesitation.	7-9
	(b) Adequate range of structures and vocabulary. Can convey past and future meaning; some ambiguity.	
Weak	(a) Has difficulty even with straightforward questions, but still attempts an answer.	4-6
	(b) Shows elementary, limited vocabulary and faulty manipulation of structures.	
Poor	(a) Frequently fails to understand the questions and has great difficulty in replying.	0-3
	(b) Shows very limited range of structures and vocabulary.	

**TABLE C – Impression (10 marks)**

Very good pronunciation, intonation and fluency; an occasional slight mistake or hesitation. Not necessarily of native speaker standard.	9
Good pronunciation and fluency; makes a fair attempt at correct intonation and expression; some mistakes and/or hesitation.	7-8
A fair degree of fluency and accuracy in pronunciation despite quite a number of errors; some attempt at intonation and expression.	5-6
Conveys some meaning despite a lack of fluency and many errors; pronunciation strongly influenced by first language.	3-4
Many gross errors; frequently incomprehensible.	1-2

**For Role Play Cards One, Two, Three. Role Play A.****A**

**Kandidat(in): Sie selbst auf Urlaub mit einem Freund / einer Freundin**  
**Lehrer(in): Herbergsvater / Herbergsmutter in einer Jugendherberge**

Sie kommen mit einem Freund / einer Freundin in einer Jugendherberge in Österreich an. Sie sprechen mit dem Herbergsvater / der Herbergsmutter.

**L1: Begrüßen Sie den Kandidaten / die Kandidatin und fragen Sie, „Bitte schön?“**

K1: Sagen Sie, aus welchem Land Sie kommen und dass Sie in der Jugendherberge übernachten wollen.

**L2: Fragen Sie den Kandidaten / die Kandidatin, wie lange die beiden bleiben wollen.**

K2: Sagen Sie, wie lange Sie in der Jugendherberge bleiben wollen.

**L3: Reagieren Sie auf die Antwort und dann fragen Sie, ob sie Bettwäsche leihen wollen.**

K3: Sagen Sie, ob Sie Bettwäsche leihen wollen oder nicht, und fragen Sie, ob Sie ein Abendessen bekommen können.

**L4: Sagen Sie, dass es Abendessen gibt.**

K4: Fragen Sie, wann es Abendessen gibt und wie viel es kostet.

**L5: Geben Sie die Auskunft über das Abendessen.**

K5: Sie wollen auch Auskunft über Duschen, Tagesraum usw. Was fragen Sie?

**L6: Äußern Sie sich dazu und beenden Sie das Gespräch.**

**For Role Play Cards Four, Five, Six. Role Play A.****A**

**Kandidat(in): Sie selbst mit den Eltern auf Urlaub**  
**Lehrer(in): Empfangsperson in einem Hotel**

Sie kommen mit Ihren Eltern in einem deutschen Hotel an. Sie sprechen mit der Empfangsperson im Hotel.

**L1: Begrüßen Sie den Kandidaten / die Kandidatin und fragen Sie, „Bitte schön?“**

K1: Begrüßen Sie den Mann / die Frau und sagen Sie, dass Sie im Hotel übernachten wollen.

**L2: Fragen Sie den Kandidaten / die Kandidatin, wie lange er / sie bleiben will.**

K2: Sagen Sie, wie lange Sie bleiben wollen und was für Zimmer Sie für Ihre Familie brauchen.

**L3: Äußern Sie sich dazu. Sagen Sie zB: „In Ordnung.“**

K3: Bitten Sie um weitere Informationen über das Hotel (zB: Aufzug? Parkplatz?).

**L4: Äußern Sie sich dazu, indem Sie die weiteren Informationen geben.**

K4: Erklären Sie, dass Sie heute im Hotel essen wollen. Fragen Sie, wann Sie das Abendessen bekommen können.

**L5: Sagen Sie, dass das Abendessen um 19.00 Uhr anfängt.**

K5: Erklären Sie, um wie viel Uhr Sie essen wollen und bitten Sie um eine Reservierung für Ihre Familie.

**L6: Äußern Sie sich dazu und beenden Sie das Gespräch.**

**For Role Play Cards Seven, Eight, Nine. Role Play A.****A**

**Kandidat(in): Sie selbst am Telefon**  
**Lehrer(in): deutscher Freund / deutsche Freundin auf Urlaub**

Ihr deutscher Freund / Ihre deutsche Freundin ist auf Urlaub in Ihrem Land. Er / sie ruft Sie an, weil er / sie sich mit Ihnen treffen möchte.

**L1: Begrüßen Sie den Kandidaten / die Kandidatin und sagen Sie, dass Sie in der Gegend Urlaub machen.**

K1: Begrüßen Sie Ihren Freund / Ihre Freundin und fragen Sie, wie lange er / sie noch in Ihrer Gegend bleibt.

**L2: Sagen Sie, wie lange Sie bleiben und fragen Sie den Kandidaten / die Kandidatin, ob er / sie sich mit Ihnen am nächsten Tag treffen möchte.**

K2: Sagen Sie, dass Sie morgen nicht frei sind und schlagen Sie einen anderen Tag vor.

**L3: Reagieren Sie positiv darauf und fragen Sie, was Sie zusammen machen können.**

K3: Sagen Sie, dass Sie zusammen ins Kino gehen können.

**L4: Äußern Sie sich dazu und fragen Sie, wo und wann Sie sich treffen können.**

K4: Sagen Sie, wo und um wie viel Uhr Sie sich treffen können.

**L5: Fragen Sie, wie Sie zum Treffpunkt kommen können.**

K5: Sagen Sie, wie Ihr Freund / Ihre Freundin zum Treffpunkt kommen kann.

**L6: Äußern Sie sich dazu und beenden Sie das Gespräch.**

**For Role Play Cards One, Four, Seven. Role Play B.****B**

**Kandidat(in): Sie selbst am Telefon**  
**Lehrer(in): Manager(in) eines Hotels**

Sie möchten in den kommenden Ferien in einem Hotel in der Schweiz arbeiten und haben eine Anzeige in der Zeitung gelesen. Sie interessieren sich für diesen Job, denn Sie haben letztes Jahr eine ähnliche Arbeit gemacht. Sie rufen den Manager / die Managerin an.

**L1: Melden Sie sich und fragen Sie, wie Sie helfen können.**

K1: Stellen Sie sich vor und erklären Sie, warum Sie sich für den Job interessieren.

**L2: Fragen Sie, ob er / sie schon in einem Hotel gearbeitet hat.**

K2: Sagen Sie, wann und wo Sie das letzte Mal in einem Hotel gearbeitet haben.

**L3: Fragen Sie ihn / sie, was für Hotelarbeit er / sie damals gemacht hat.**

K3: Erklären Sie, was für Hotelarbeit Sie schon gemacht haben.

**L4: Fragen Sie, ob er / sie noch weitere Auskunft braucht.**

K4: Erkundigen Sie sich nach Freizeitmöglichkeiten in der Nähe und fragen Sie nach Ihren Arbeitsstunden.

**L5: Geben Sie passende Informationen und fragen Sie, wann der Kandidat / die Kandidatin anfangen kann.**

K5: Sagen Sie, wann Sie anfangen können, und fragen Sie nach Unterkunftsmöglichkeiten für Sie.

**L6: Äußern Sie sich dazu und beenden Sie das Gespräch.**



## For Role Play Cards Two, Five, Eight. Role Play B.

## B

**Kandidat(in): Sie selbst bei Ihrem Brieffreund / Ihrer Brieffreundin**  
**Lehrer(in): Ihr Brieffreund / Ihre Brieffreundin**

Sie besuchen Ihren deutschen Brieffreund / Ihre deutsche Brieffreundin. Eines Tages fahren Sie allein in die Stadt, um Geschenke für Ihre Familie zu Hause zu kaufen. Während Sie da sind, verlieren Sie Ihr Portemonnaie. Sie rufen Ihren Freund / Ihre Freundin an, um zu sagen, was passiert ist.

**L1: Melden Sie sich und fragen Sie, wer am Apparat ist.**

K1: Begrüßen Sie Ihren Brieffreund / Ihre Brieffreundin und erklären Sie, was passiert ist.

**L2: Äußern Sie sich dazu und fragen Sie, wann und wo er / sie das Portemonnaie verloren hat.**

K2: Erklären Sie, wann und wo Sie das Portemonnaie verloren haben.

**L3: Fragen Sie den Kandidaten / die Kandidatin, was er / sie jetzt machen will.**

K3: Sagen Sie, dass Sie sofort ins Fundbüro gehen wollen und Sie möchten, dass Ihr Freund / Ihre Freundin mitkommt.

**L4: Sagen Sie, dass Sie gleich kommen und fragen Sie, wo er / sie jetzt ist.**

K4: Sagen Sie Ihrem Freund / Ihrer Freundin, genau wo Sie sind und fragen Sie, wie lange Sie warten müssen, bis er / sie kommt.

**L5: Sagen Sie, dass Sie in vierzig Minuten da sind.**

K5: Danken Sie Ihrem Freund / Ihrer Freundin und sagen Sie, was Sie machen, bis er / sie kommt.

**L6: Äußern Sie sich dazu und beenden Sie das Gespräch.**

**Role Play Cards Three, Six, Nine. Role Play B.****B**

**Kandidat(in): Sie selbst bei Ihrem Brieffreund / Ihrer Brieffreundin**  
**Lehrer(in): Onkel / Tante Ihres Freundes / Ihrer Freundin**

Sie sind in Deutschland zu Besuch. Eines Abends sprechen Sie mit dem Onkel / der Tante Ihres Freundes / Ihrer Freundin über Ihren Aufenthalt.

- L1: Begrüßen Sie den Kandidaten / die Kandidatin und fragen Sie, wie seine / ihre Reise nach Deutschland war.**
- K1: Erklären Sie, wie Ihre Reise war und wie Sie nach Deutschland gefahren sind.
- L2: Fragen Sie, warum er / sie beschlossen hat, die Ferien in Deutschland zu verbringen.**
- K2: Erklären Sie, warum Sie Ihre Ferien in Deutschland verbringen.
- L3: Fragen Sie, wie lange er / sie den Freund / die Freundin schon kennt.**
- K3: Sagen Sie, wie und wann Sie Ihren Freund / Ihre Freundin kennen gelernt haben.
- L4: Fragen Sie, was er / sie seit der Ankunft in Deutschland gemacht hat.**
- K4: Sagen Sie, was Sie seit Ihrer Ankunft in Deutschland gemacht haben.
- L5: Fragen Sie, was er / sie während des Besuchs in Deutschland gelernt hat.**
- K5: Sagen Sie, was Sie während des Besuchs gelernt haben.
- L6: Äußern Sie sich dazu und beenden Sie das Gespräch.**



